



Instituto de Química – UNESP  
Araraquara

UC San Diego  
SKAGGS SCHOOL OF PHARMACY  
AND PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES



Max Planck Institute  
of Molecular Plant Physiology



# Experimental design applied in UPLC-DAD method development of Malpighiaceae species extracts and metabolite identification

Helena Mannocho Russo<sup>1,2</sup>, Paula Carolina Pires Bueno<sup>3,4</sup>, Anelize Bauermeister<sup>2,3</sup>, Rafael Felipe de Almeida<sup>5</sup>, Pieter C. Dorrestein<sup>2</sup>, Alberto José Cavaleiro<sup>1</sup>, Vanderlan da Silva Bolzani<sup>1</sup>

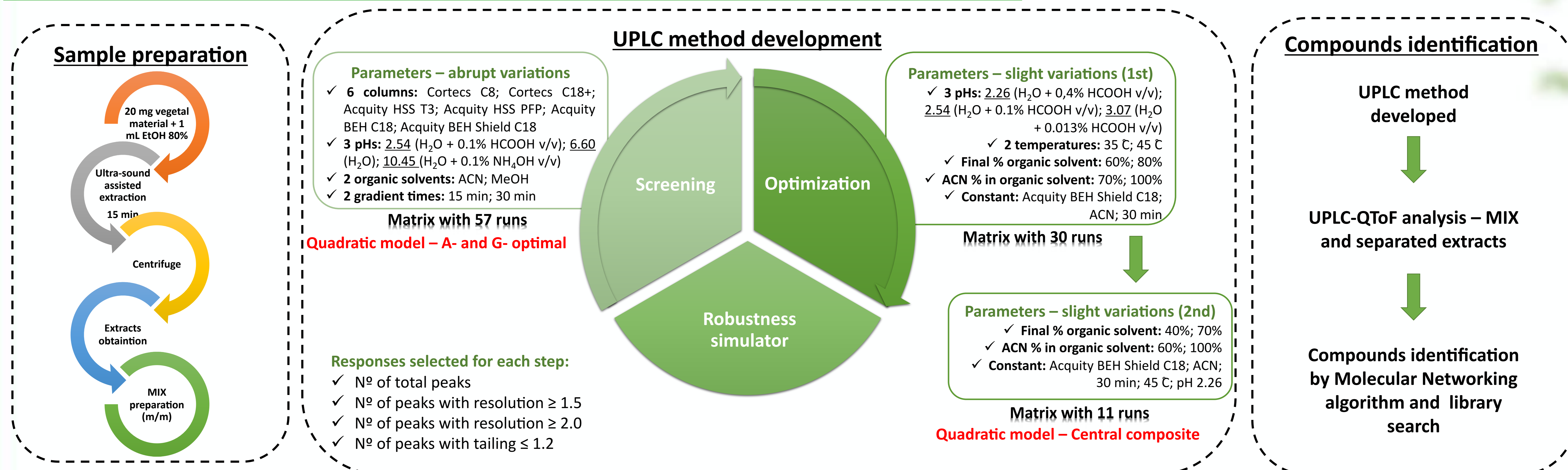
<sup>1</sup>NuBBE, Institute of Chemistry, São Paulo State University (UNESP), Araraquara, SP, Brazil; <sup>2</sup>SSPPS, University of California San Diego (UCSD), San Diego, CA, United States; <sup>3</sup>Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of São Paulo (USP), Ribeirão Preto, SP, Brazil; <sup>4</sup>Max-Planck Institute of Plant Molecular Physiology (MPI-MP), Potsdam-Golm, Germany; <sup>5</sup>Institute of Biological Sciences. helenamrusso@gmail.com

## INTRODUCTION

Malpighiaceae species present important biological activities, such as cytotoxic, hallucinogen, AChE inhibition and antifungal<sup>1-3</sup>. However, this family can still be considered chemically underexplored. Therefore, our goals were to evaluate the chemical diversity of Malpighiaceae species extracts by preparing a representative MIX of nine species from different phylogenetic groups found in Brazil (Figure 1)<sup>4</sup>. An experimental design for UPLC-DAD method development was applied with the assist of an automated tool, which assisted in the identification of their secondary metabolites by UPLC-QToF and Molecular Networking algorithm.

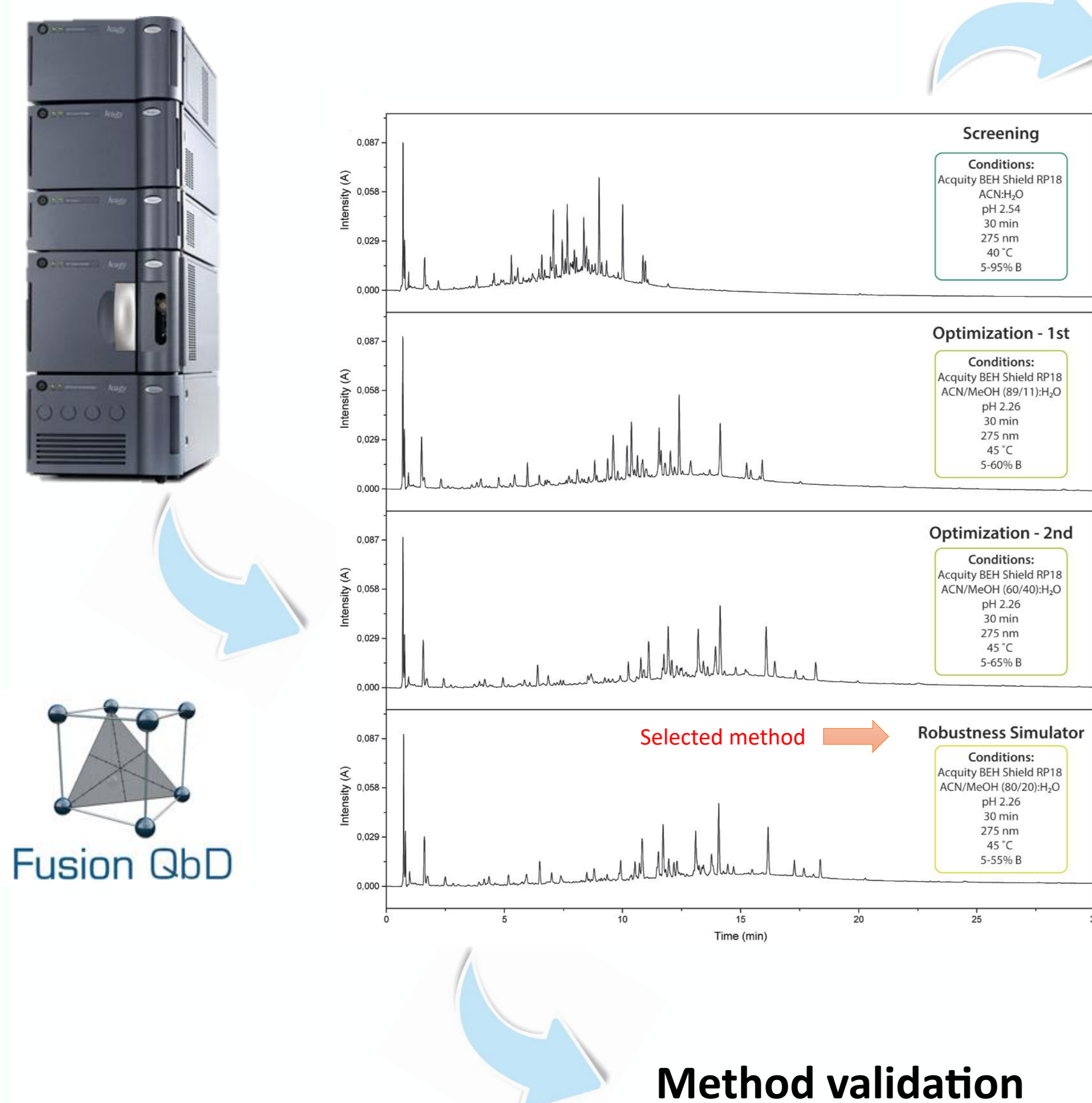


## METHODOLOGY

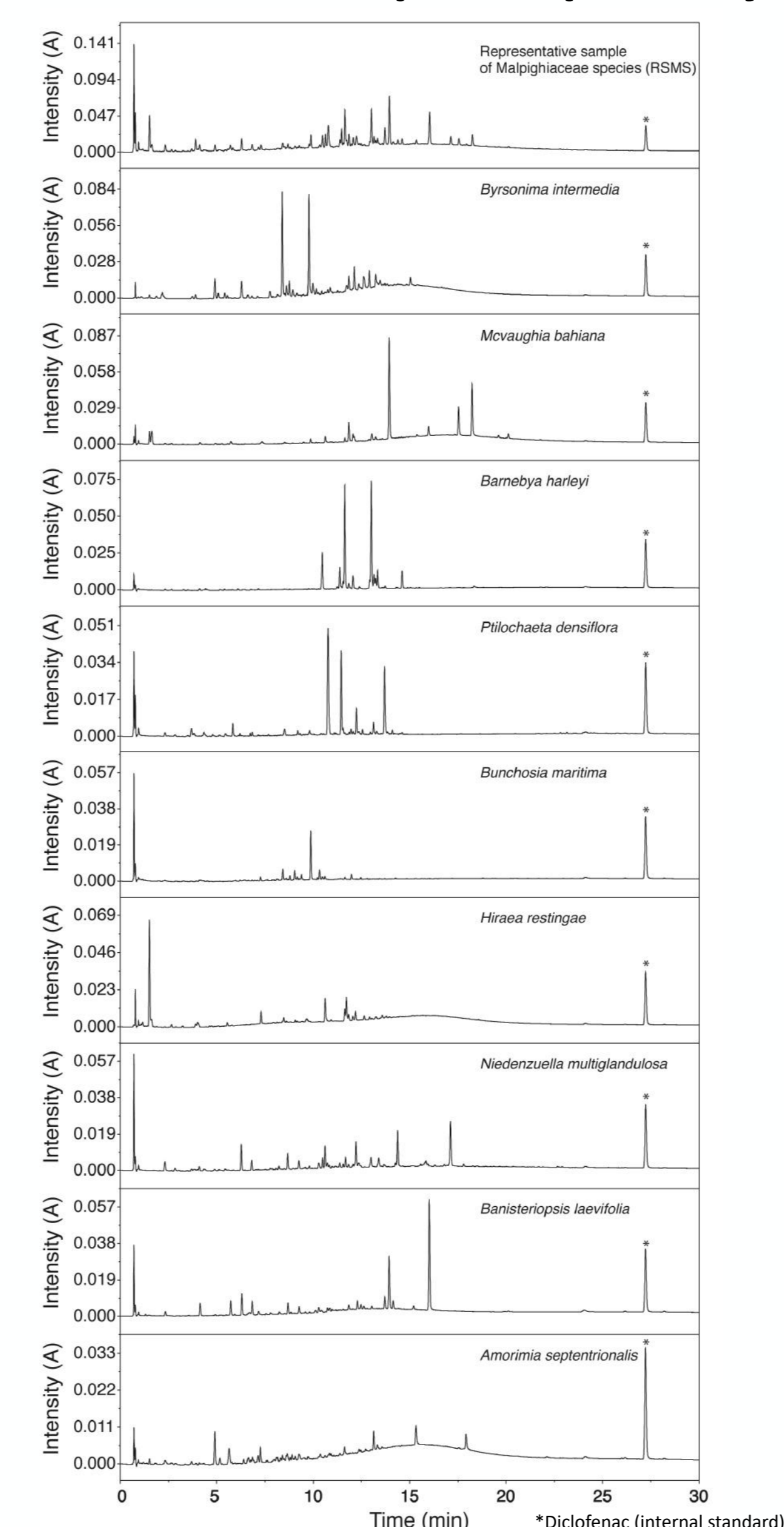


## RESULTS

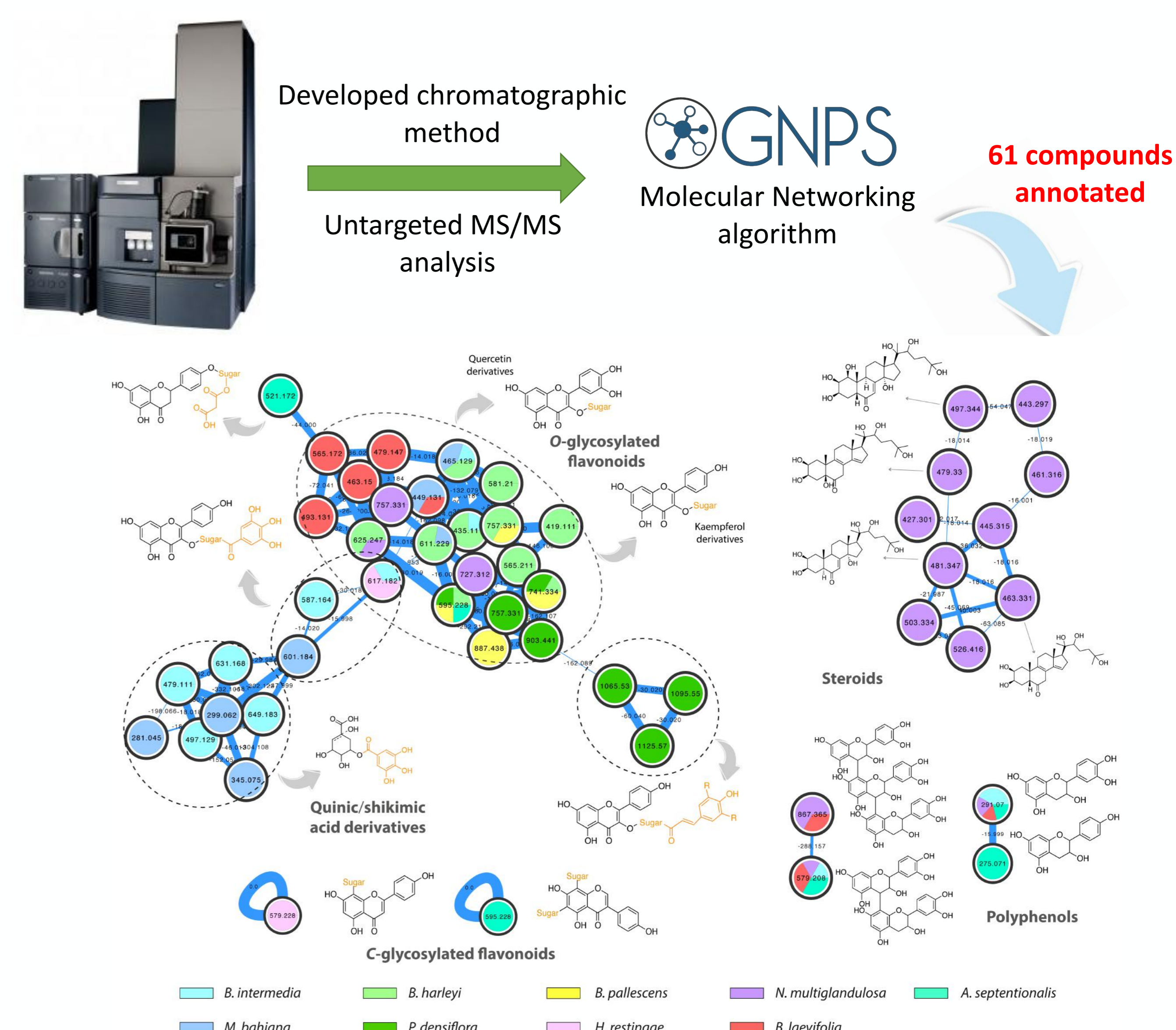
### UPLC-DAD method development



### MIX and 9 samples separately



### UPLC-QToF analyses – metabolites annotation



## CONCLUSIONS

In conclusion, the experimental design allowed the development of a precise and robust chromatographic method both for the quantitative analysis and metabolomic profiling of Malpighiaceae species. Phenolic, steroids and alkaloids compounds, along with several unknown structures were annotated.

## REFERENCES

- Queiroz, M. M. F. et al. *Journal of Natural Products*, **2014**, 77 (3), 650–656.
- Huerta-Reyes, M. et al. *International Journal of Pharmacology*, **2015**, 11 (6), 523–531.
- Russo, H. M. et al. *Phytochemical Letters*, **2020**, 37, 10–16.
- Davis, C. C.; Anderson, W. R. *American Journal of Botany*, **2010**, 97 (12), 2031–2048.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

